

G21 Impact		Performance Area	l Can:
	Collaboration  Working with another or a group in order to achieve a common goal.	Productive Group Interactions – works productively in groups  Effective Communication – engages in back and forth dialogue and respects ideas of others	<ul> <li>Use resources to complete tasks</li> <li>Break larger tasks into smaller tasks</li> <li>Contribute to group plans</li> <li>Act as a team player</li> <li>Explain my own thinking clearly</li> <li>Seek ideas and thoughts from all team members</li> <li>Seek to understand by asking questions</li> <li>Give and seek feedback about task</li> </ul>
HI! YEAR! Halle!	Communication  The imparting or exchange of information, ideas and/or emotions in a variety of situations and for multiple purposes, audiences and across multiple media.	Expressive Communication – considers goals when choosing to use specific ways of communicating  Interpretive Communication – interprets literary and informative modes; understands how these build understanding	<ul> <li>Consider the audience and method when communicating</li> <li>Seek to use creativity to support communication</li> <li>Use background knowledge to enhance and share new learnings</li> <li>Listen for understanding</li> <li>Seek to understand complex messages</li> <li>Make meaning by exploring multiple forms of communication</li> <li>Recognize elements of communication</li> </ul>



G21 Impact		Performance Area	l Can:
Mayoria & Pangido, Child	Creativity  The ability to see things in new ways or produce something	Curiosity and Imagination – predicts possible outcomes when putting ideas into actions	<ul> <li>Use tools and strategies to explore different perspectives or approaches to a challenge, issue or dilemma</li> <li>Shift strategies or ways of thinking as the situation warrants (flexibility)</li> <li>Integrate the perspectives of others into proposed solutions</li> </ul>
	new, whether tangible or intangible.	Developing and Exploring Ideas – generates multiple possibilities as a result of analyzing facts and patterns	<ul> <li>Create models that provide rationale for the idea within realworld constraints</li> <li>Use materials and techniques in non-traditional ways in order to further understand problems</li> <li>Expand on known ideas to create new and imaginative combinations</li> </ul>
		Innovation – discusses and revises ideas through trial and error; makes reasoned and supported guesses Initiate – acts in positive ways to contribute to improvement of issues in need of change	<ul> <li>Use multiple sources to help resolve ambiguity</li> <li>Ask questions in order to create unusual, unique or clever products</li> <li>Design and create varied solutions</li> <li>Explore issues and propose solutions based on knowledge</li> <li>Work to shift myself and others from problem identifiers to problem solvers</li> <li>Self-assess actions</li> </ul>
Step 1. Identify the problem.  Step 5. Evaluate the results.  Solving Loop  Step 2. Explore information and create ideas.  Step 4. Do it. Build it.  Step 3. Select the best idea.	Critical Thinking  Identifying patterns/relationships, make generalizations; identify exceptions and evaluate claims; arrive at opinions,	Inquiry – poses problems and asks questions about how things work and why things happen	<ul> <li>Recognize patterns in the natural world and make observations</li> <li>Ask questions that lead to additional wonderings</li> <li>Locate and organize information from sources</li> </ul>
		Analysis and Interpretation – identifies details and processes that represent patterns	<ul> <li>Make observations about patterns</li> <li>Distinguish fact from interpretation</li> <li>Use strategies to make sense of information (i.e. comparison, analysis, evaluation, explanation and reasoning)</li> </ul>
	conclusions and/or take action.	Decision Making / Conclusions – identifies and justifies the thinking behind choices made	<ul> <li>Conduct evaluations using criteria or tests; conclusions through prototypes</li> <li>Develop explanations or draw conclusions using evidence to support that explanation / conclusion</li> </ul>



G21 Impact		Performance Area	l Can:
	Considering a situation as it related to the rest of the world within economic, social, cultural and/or political contexts.	Global Awareness – takes action on issues that matter to them in order to make a positive change  Citizenship – understands individual and community beliefs and how values contribute to actions	<ul> <li>Demonstrate understating of roles, responsibilities and issues in the community and world</li> <li>Understand that issues impact me and others in my family and community</li> <li>Discover connections between and among cultures</li> <li>Understand that other people and communities may have traditions that differ from my own</li> <li>Explain the role of culture in everyday life by describing my own cultural traditions and comparing and contrasting with others</li> <li>Demonstrate understanding of citizenship across communities</li> </ul>
		Adaptability – investigates options and predicts possible outcomes when putting ideas into action  Systems Thinking – understands cause and effect and the notion of change	<ul> <li>Use a variety of tools and strategies to recognize different perspectives or approaches to an issue</li> <li>Shifts strategies and ways of thinking as the situation calls for, accepting that there may be some uncertainty when working with dilemmas</li> <li>Work effectively in a variety of situations, communicating ideas and listening to different perspectives</li> <li>Take action after investigating options and possible outcomes</li> <li>Investigate how various systems are connected</li> <li>Recognize how parts of a system come together to make a whole</li> <li>Explain the similarities and differences between systems</li> </ul>



G21 Impact		Performance Area	I Can:
	Self-Directed Learning  Use of independent initiative, responsibility and feedback to guide learning and growth.	Goal Setting – reflects on progress made toward an important learning goal	<ul> <li>Select from a range of strategies and tools</li> <li>Identify strengths and areas to improve</li> </ul>
		Self-Advocacy – expresses specific interest and needs	<ul> <li>Identify tools to support needs</li> <li>Clearly convey thoughts and ideas related to areas of interest</li> <li>State learning preferences</li> </ul>
		Resilience – skillfully perseveres throughout challenging experiences	<ul> <li>Venture outside of comfort zone in order to learn more</li> <li>Use tools and strategies to evaluate the task at hand in order to anticipate challenges</li> </ul>
		Metacognition – explores ways in which s/he learns	<ul> <li>Engage in reflection as an important part of the learning process</li> <li>Consider my own learning needs</li> <li>Identify what went well during a learning tsk</li> <li>Communicate strengths and areas in need of improvement</li> </ul>
		Growth Mindset – responds to difficult tasks with effort	<ul><li>Understand skills grow with effort</li><li>Ask questions to learn more</li></ul>
		Use of Feedback – reflects on progress during learning task	<ul> <li>Choose a learning path based on feedback from self, teachers and/or peers</li> <li>Select strategies and tools based on feedback</li> </ul>
place: take notice	Well-Being  A balanced sense of health, happiness and prosperity both within self and with others.	Social Interaction – forms and maintains productive relationships	<ul> <li>Understand that emotions can impact relationships</li> <li>Communicate mistakes; apologize sincerely</li> <li>Recognize that different people have different opinions</li> <li>Listen to understand, rather than just reply</li> </ul>
		Physical Nutrition and Sleep – understands connections between health and learning	<ul> <li>Understand play increases mental and physical health</li> <li>Understand the connection between and among food, drink and health</li> <li>Understand proper rest and relaxation are important to</li> </ul>
		Financial – understands that there are different types of value	give the mind and body time to recuperate  Understand that value is a relative concept  Distinguish needs and wants  Recognize the connection between earning and spending  Understand the value of saving over time
beople: connect		Emotional – recognizes that emotions exist and determine feelings	<ul> <li>Recognize and manage my emotions</li> <li>Know how to react to emotions to make good choices</li> <li>Understand connections between actions and feelings</li> </ul>